For Carlos Barbosa-Lima

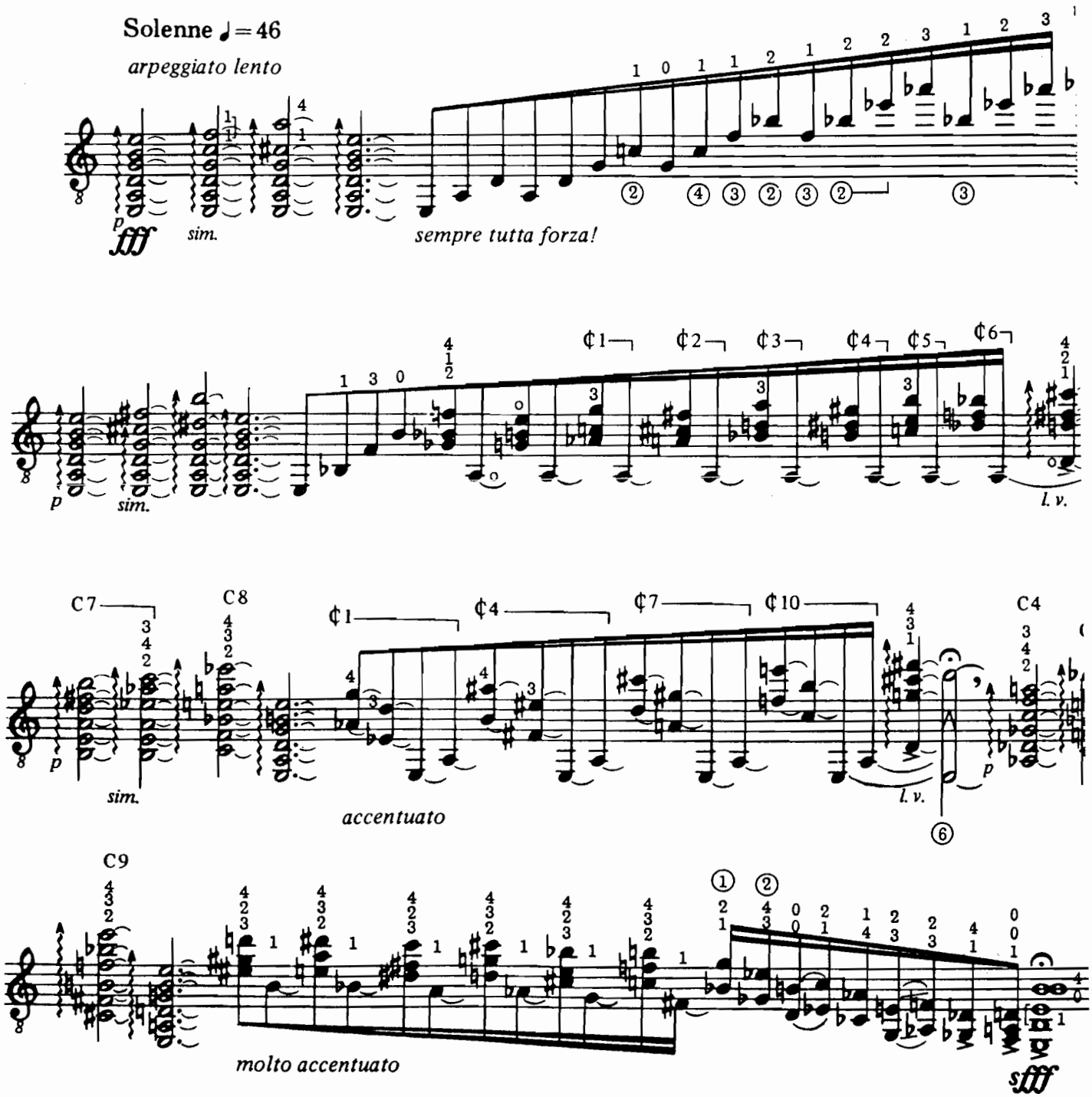
SONATA

for guitar

Fingered by Carlos Barbosa-Lima

ALBERTO GINASTERA
Op. 47

I.
Esordio



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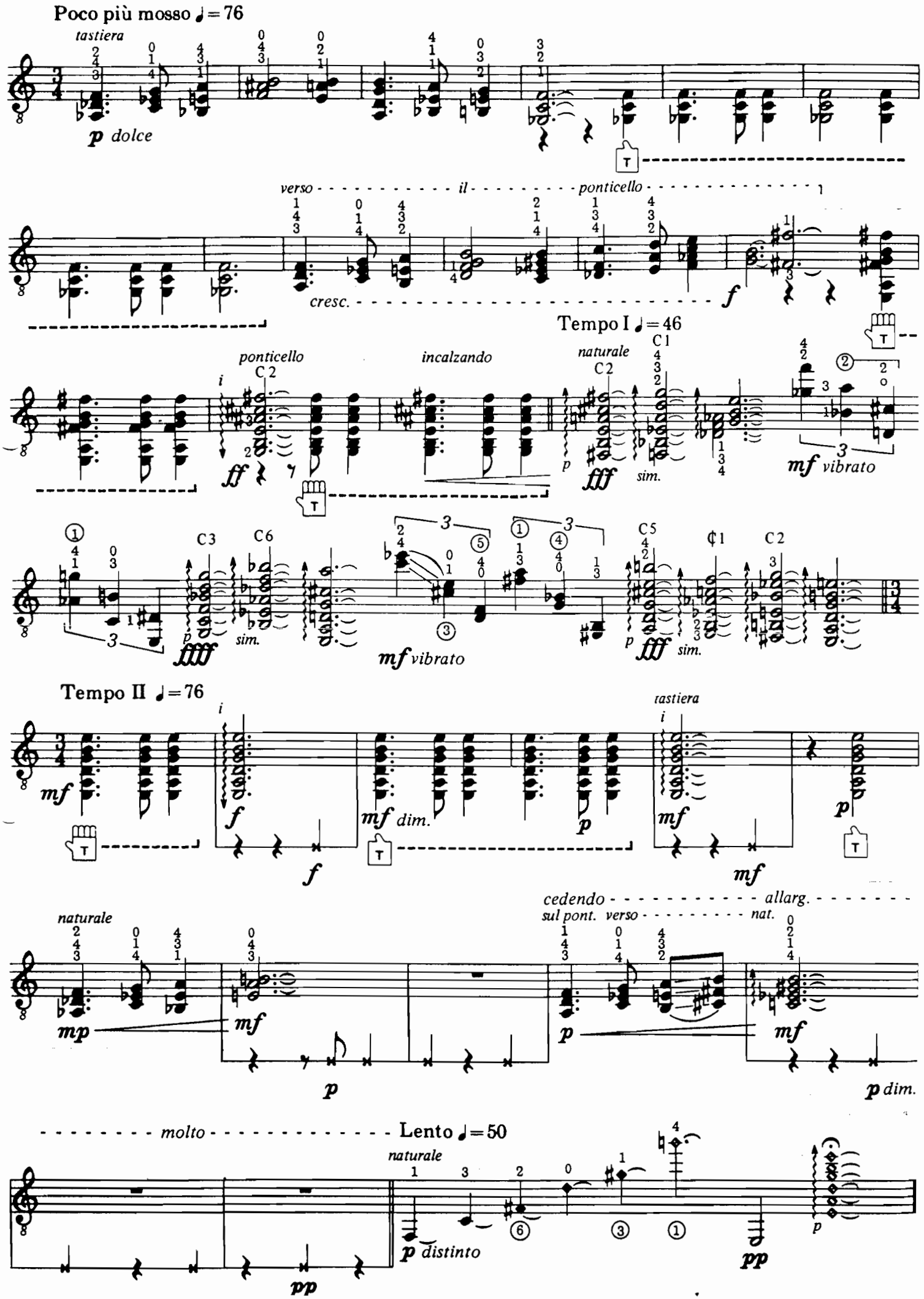
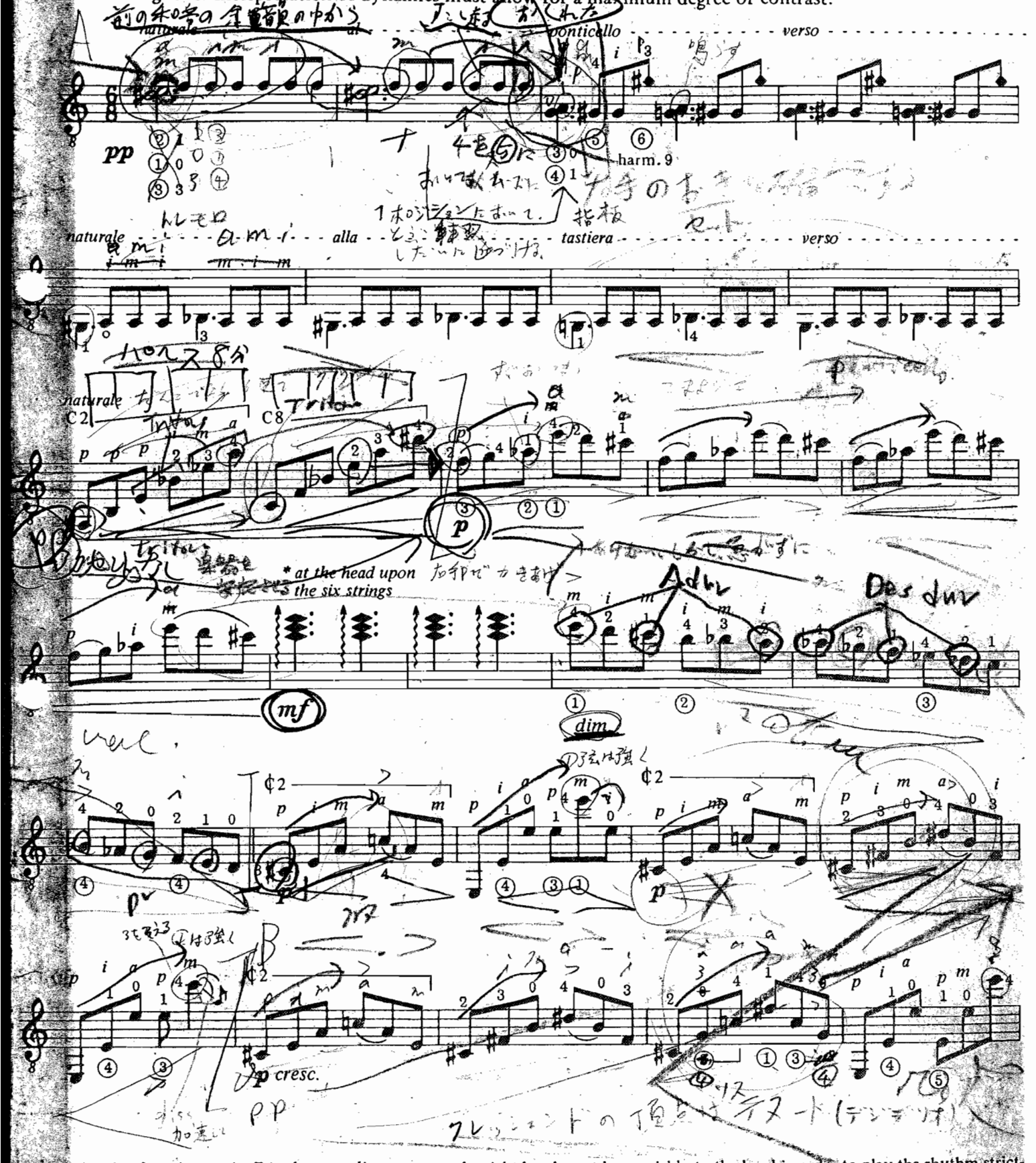
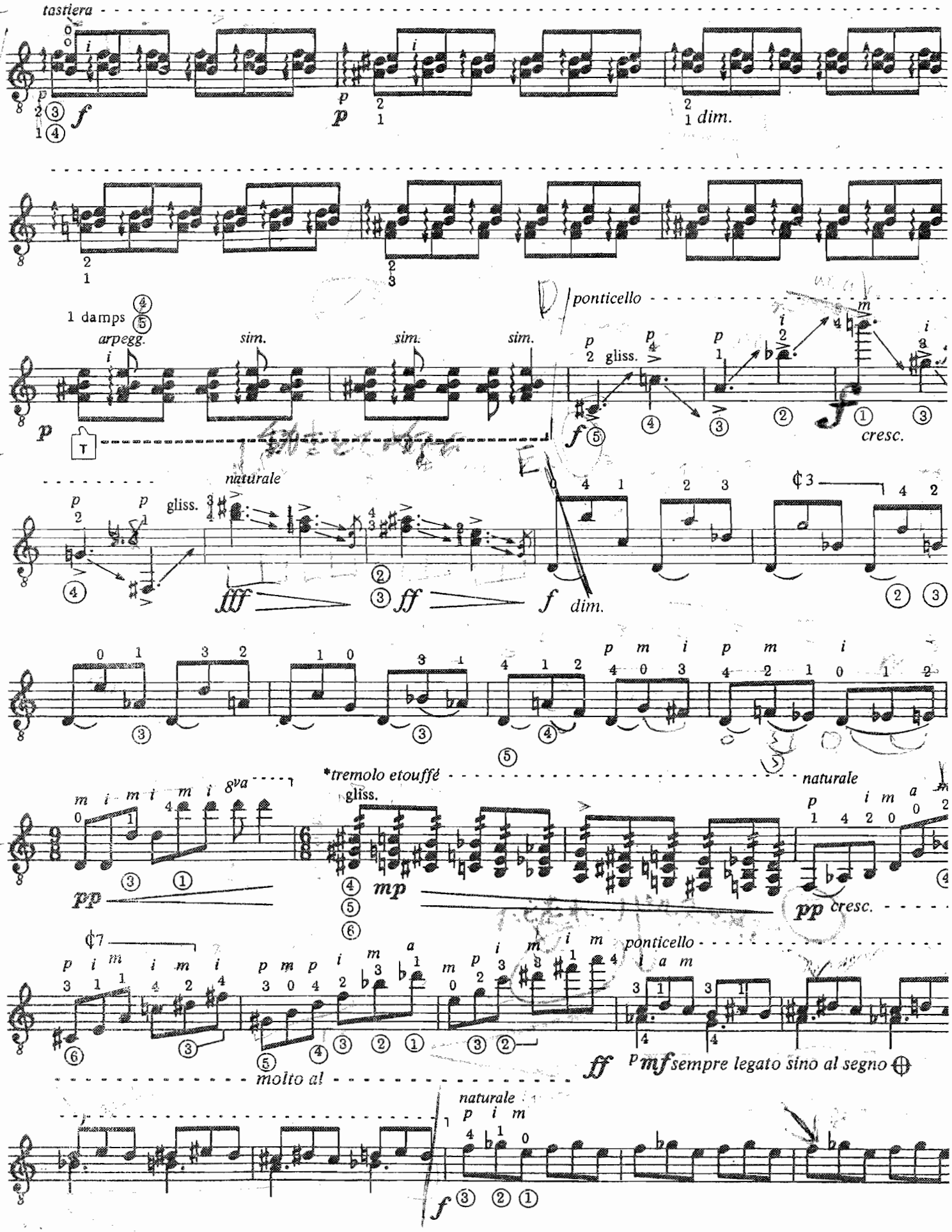

Poco più mosso ♩=76
tastiera
p dolce
verso il ponticello
cresc.
f
Tempo I ♩=46
ponticello
incalzando
naturale
ff
fff
sim.
mf vibrato
fffff
mf vibrato
Tempo II ♩=76
mf
f
mf dim.
p
mf
naturale
cedendo allarg.
sul pont. verso nat.
mp
p dim.
molto
Lento ♩=50
p distinto
pp

II.
Scherzo

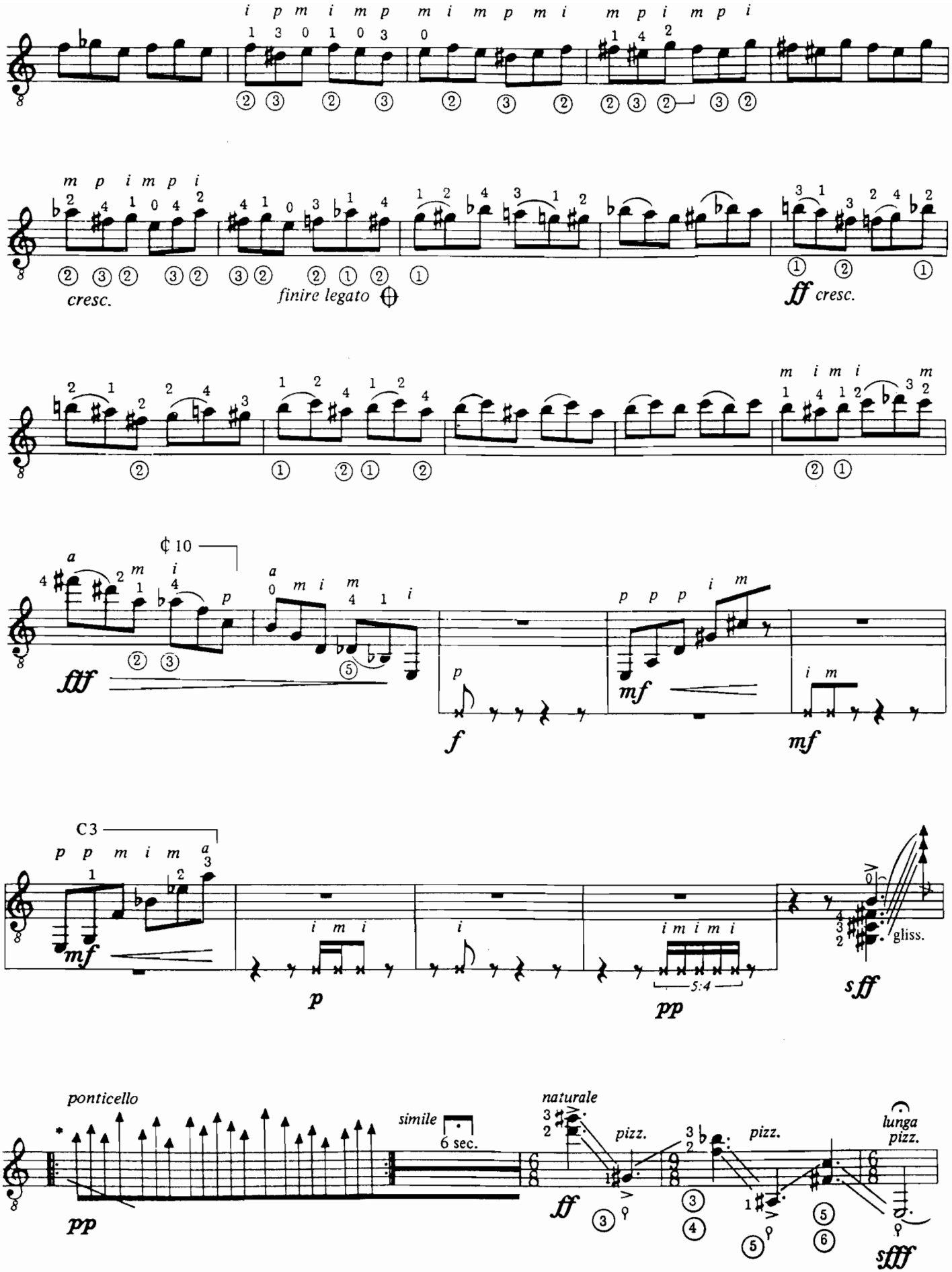
Fantastico. Il più presto possibile, almeno ♩. = 144 The ternary rhythmic pulse must be maintained throughout. Interpretation of dynamics must allow for a maximum degree of contrast.



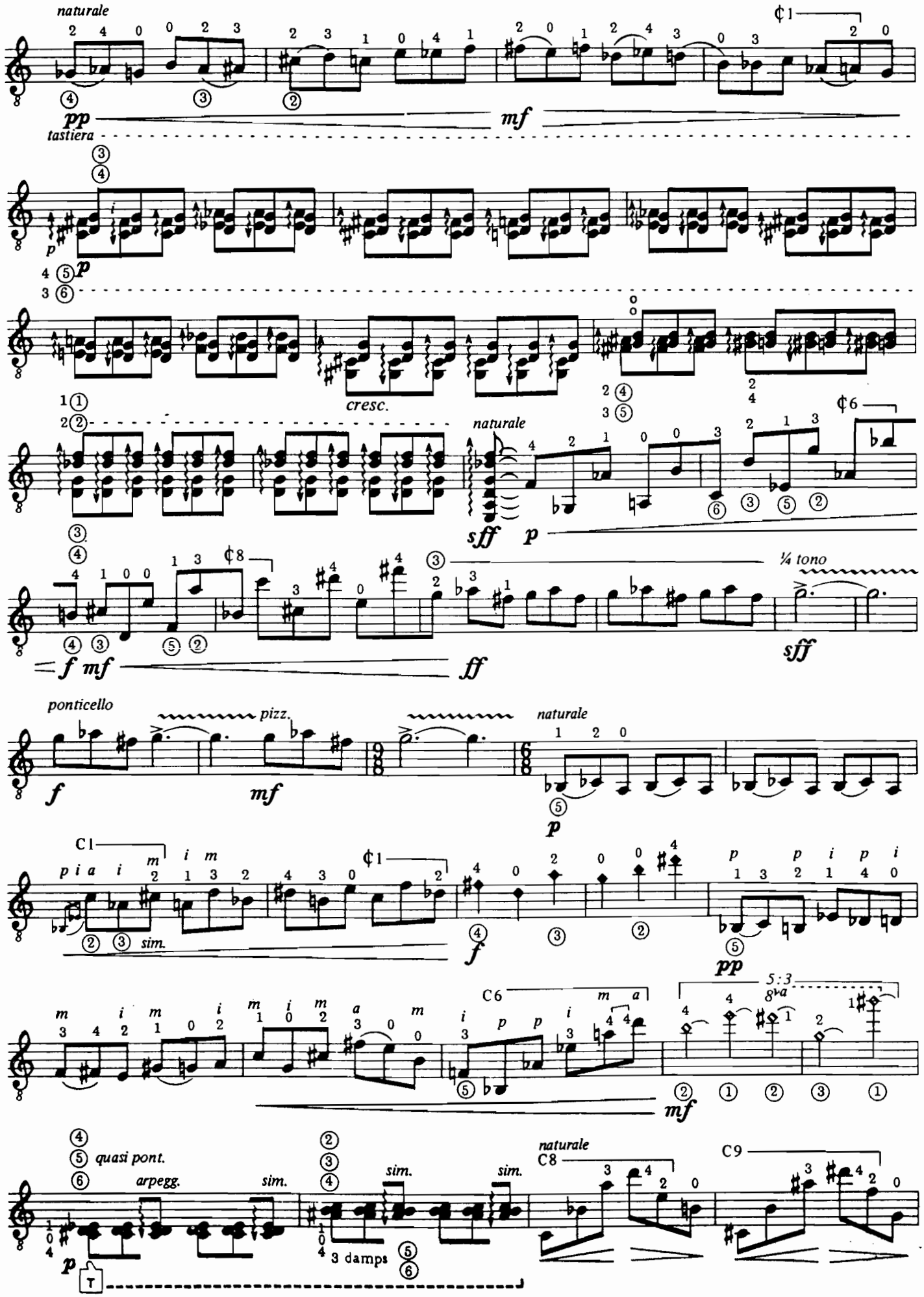
* Immediately after playing the E in the preceding measure, the right hand must leap quickly to the head in order to play the rhythm strictly in tempo. The left hand remains in ninth position, fingers lifted from the strings. After playing the four strokes at the head, the right hand leaps quickly back to its normal position in order to play the scale that follows in tempo.

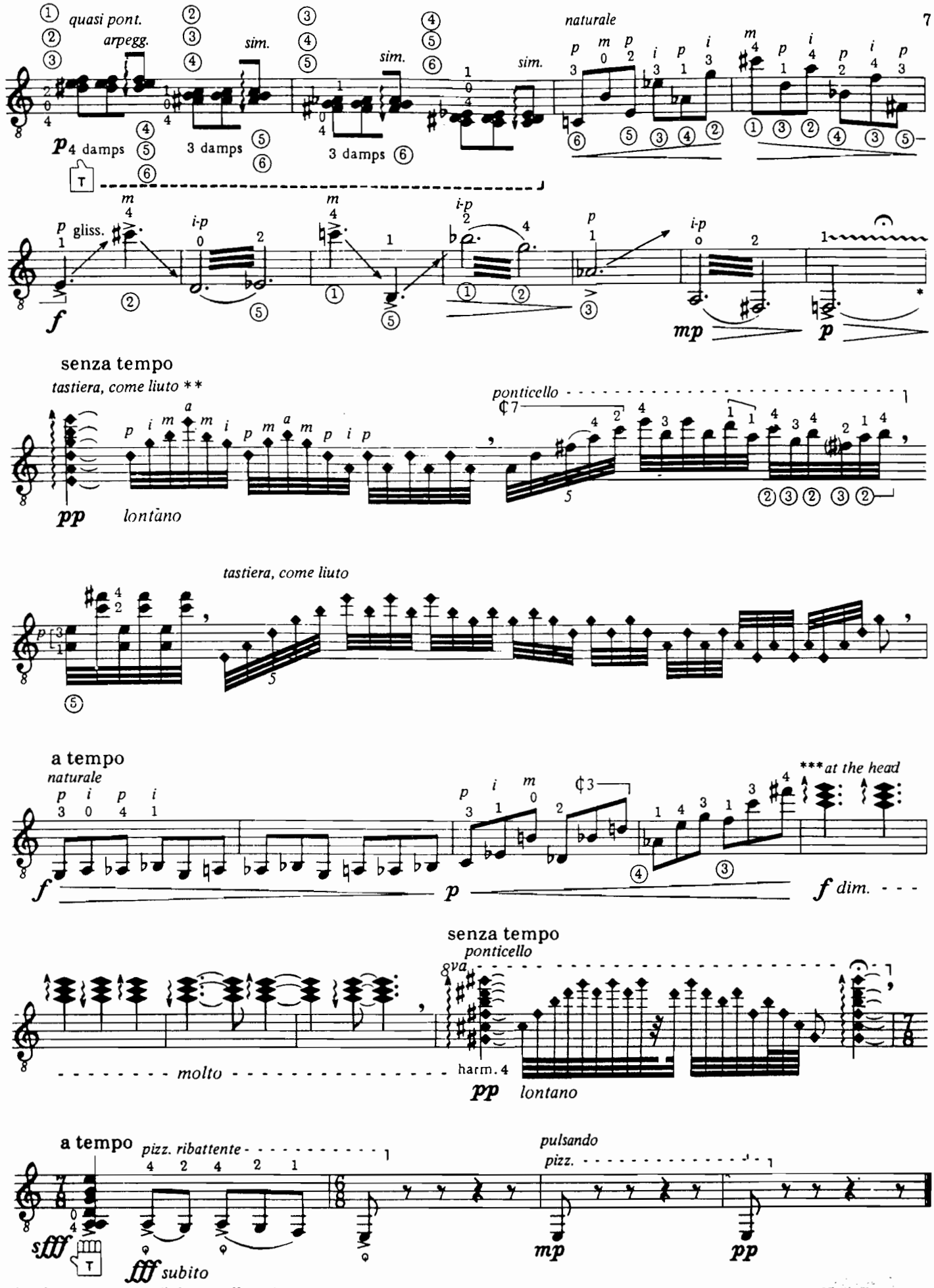


* The right hand thumb continuously plays *arpeggiando*, fast and soft, from the sixth string to the fourth and vice versa, while left hand moves *glissando* and in tempo towards the first position with second, third and fourth fingers.



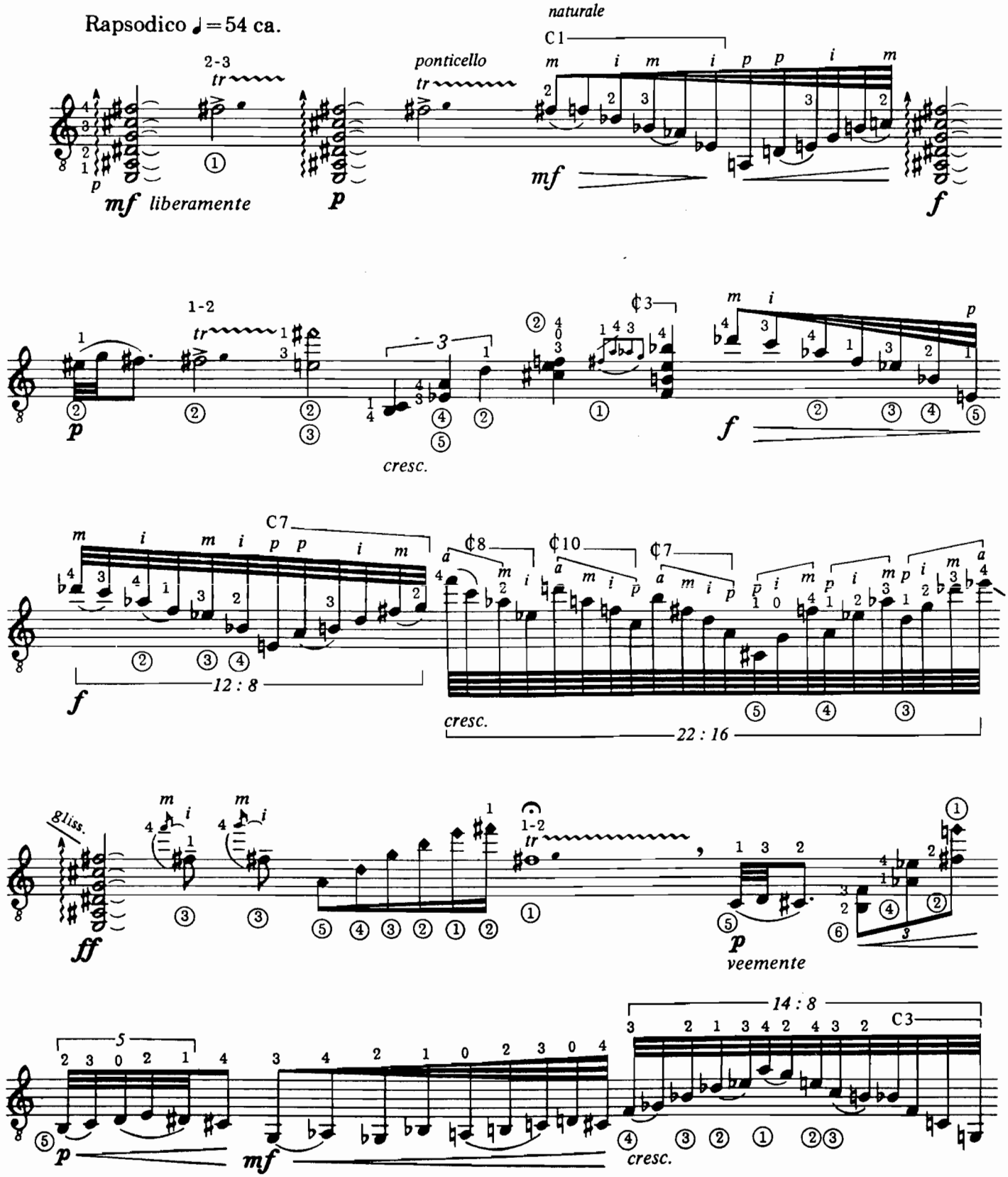
* Very fast but discontinuous improvisation *sul ponticello* on the first, second and third strings near the soundhole.

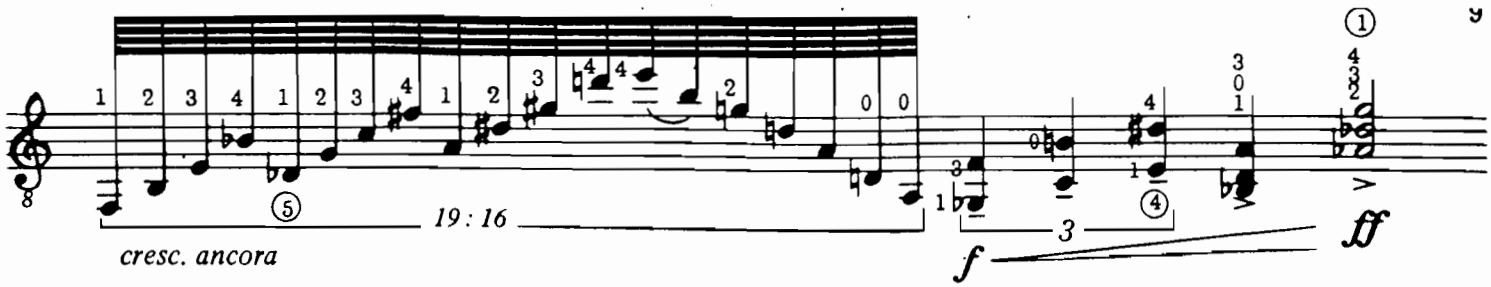

naturale
pp
mf
tastiera
p
cresc.
sff
p
f
mf
ff
¼ tono
sff
ponticello
pizz.
f
mf
naturale
p
sim.
f
pp
5:3
8va
mf
quasi pont.
arpegg.
sim.
sim.
sim.
3 damps
naturale
C8
C9

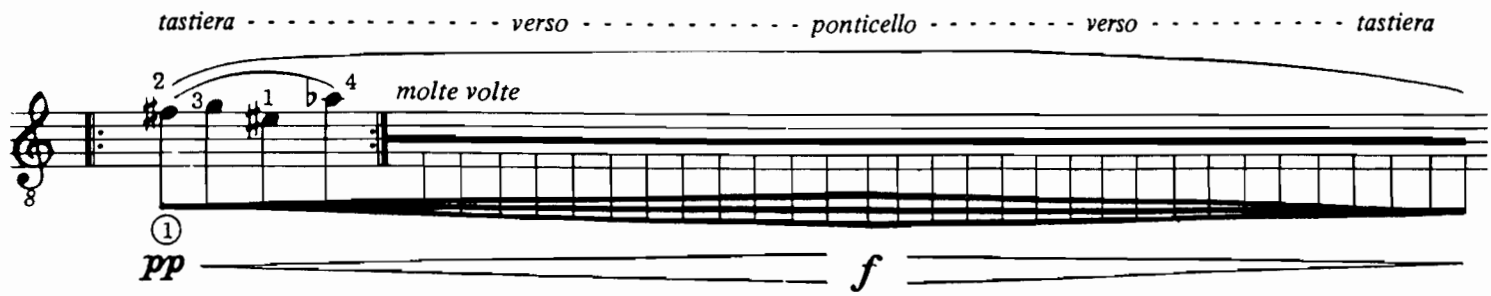


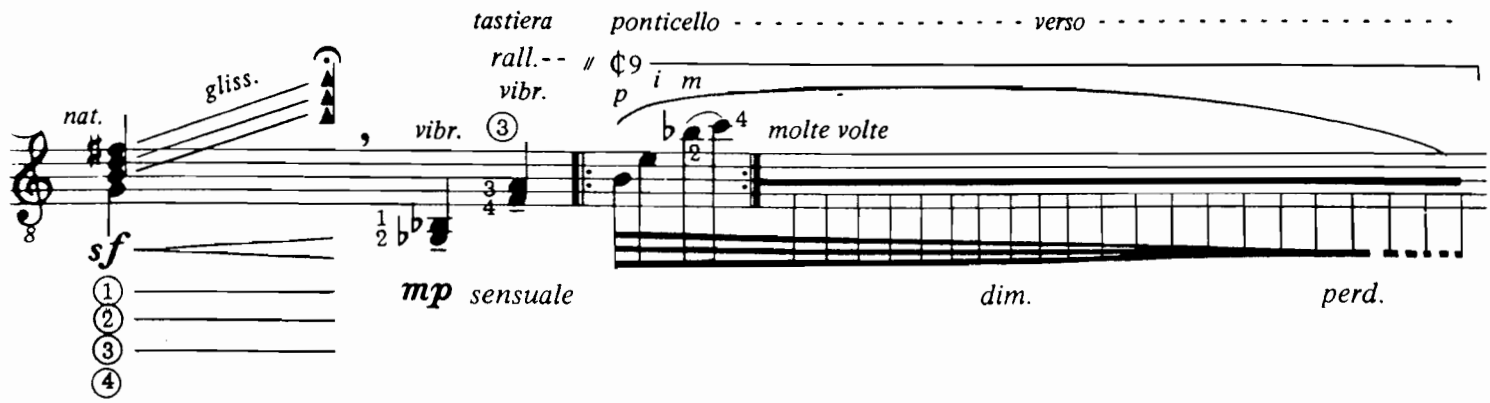
* *lasciar vibrare* until the sound's extinction.
** Sixtus Beckmesser is coming!
*** See footnote page 3.

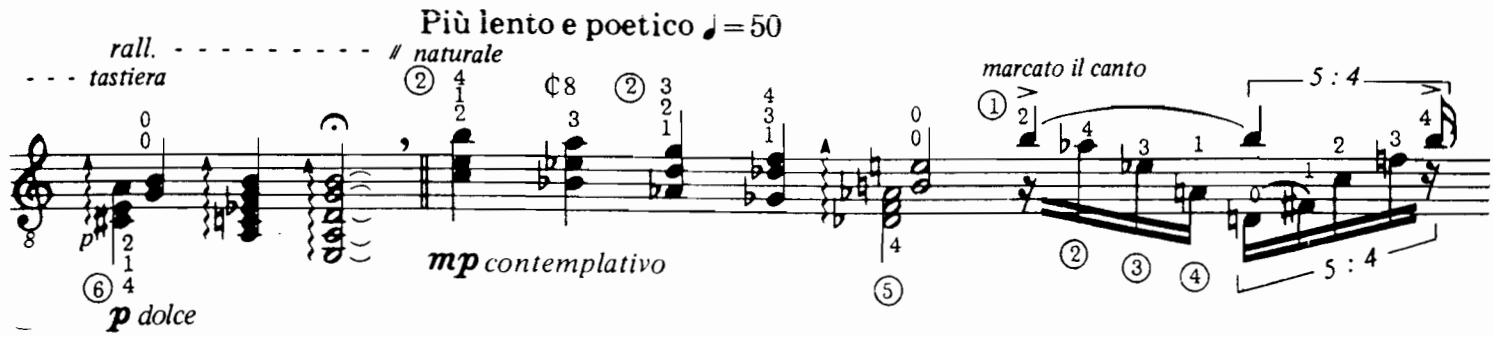
III.
Canto

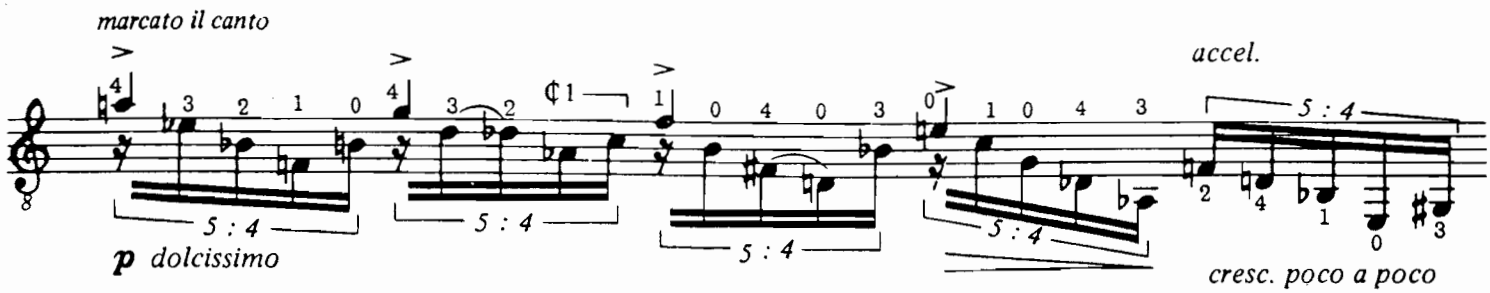

Rapsodico ♩=54 ca.
mf liberamente
tr
2-3
ponticello
p
naturale
C1
mf
f
1-2
cresc.
C7
12 : 8
C8
C10
C7
22 : 16
gliss.
ff
veemente
14 : 8
C3

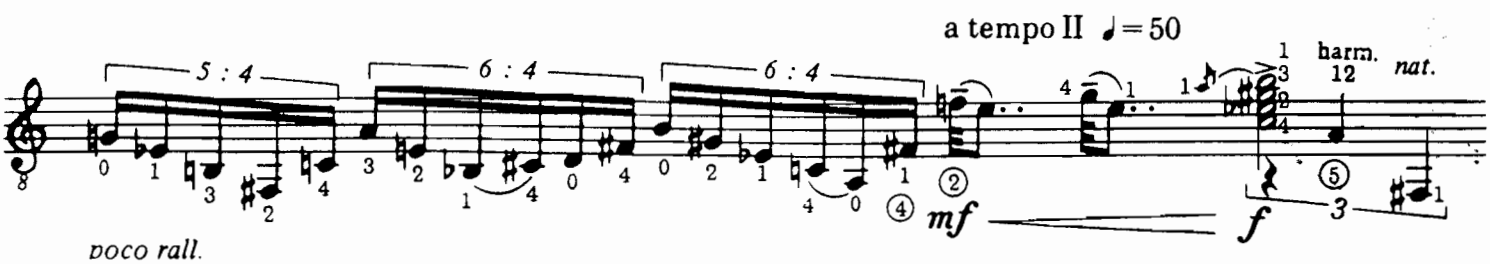

cresc. ancora
19 : 16
3
ff

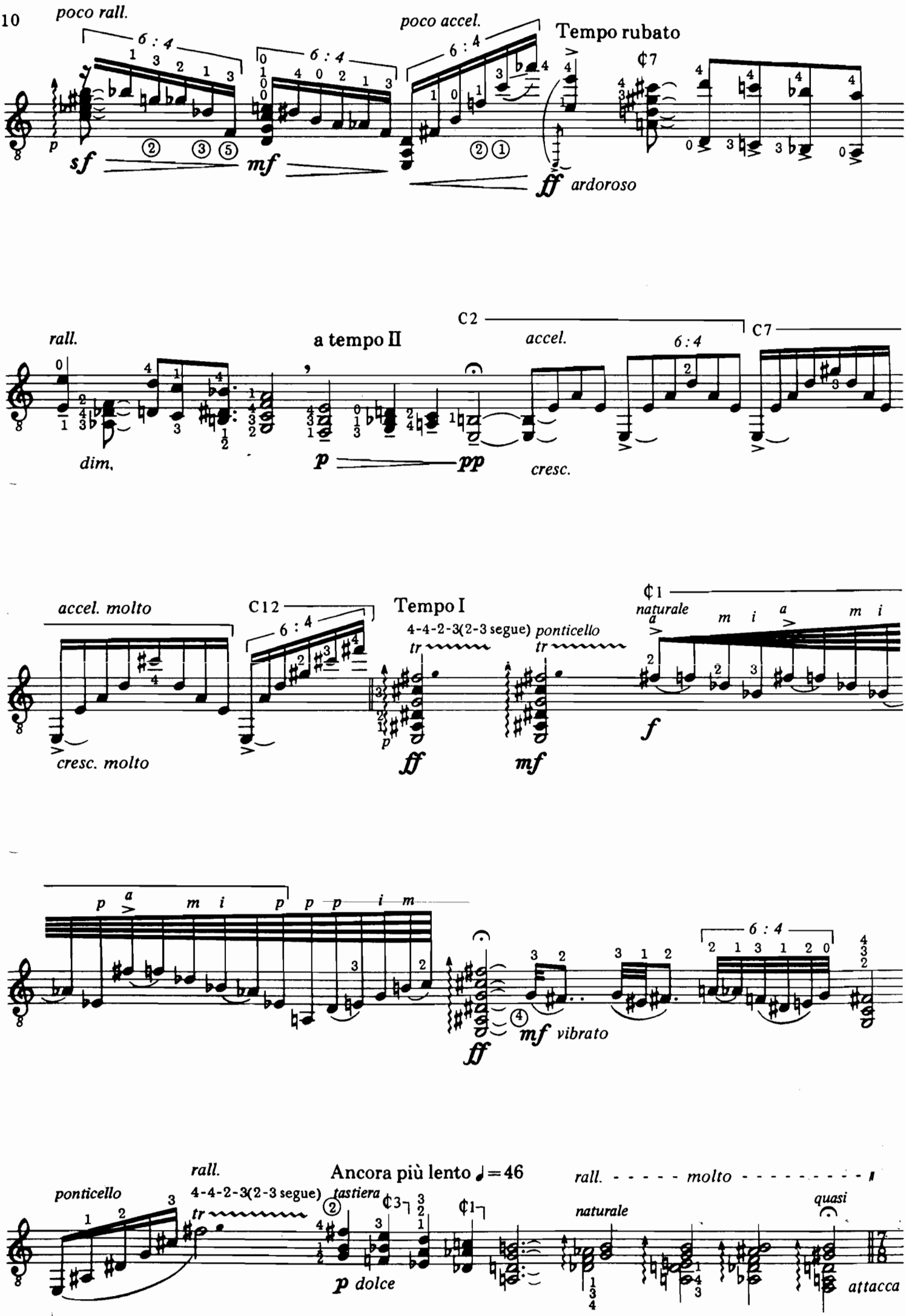

tastiera
verso
ponticello
verso
tastiera
molte volte
pp
f


tastiera
ponticello
verso
rall.
vibr.
gliss.
nat.
vibr.
molte volte
sf
mp sensuale
dim.
perd.

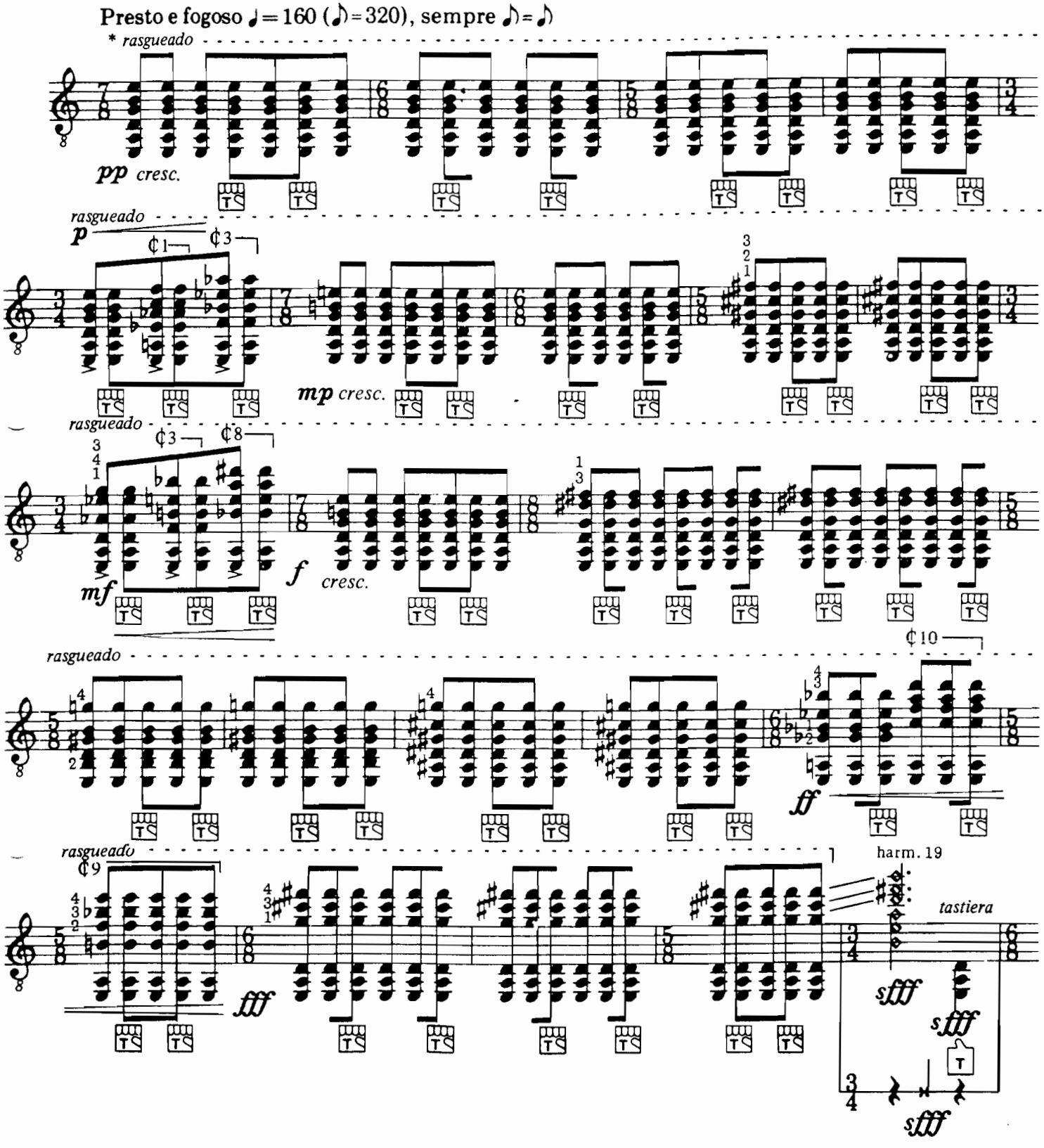

Più lento e poetico ♩=50
rall.
tastiera
naturale
marcato il canto
5 : 4
p dolce
mp contemplativo


marcato il canto
accel.
5 : 4
p dolcissimo
cresc. poco a poco

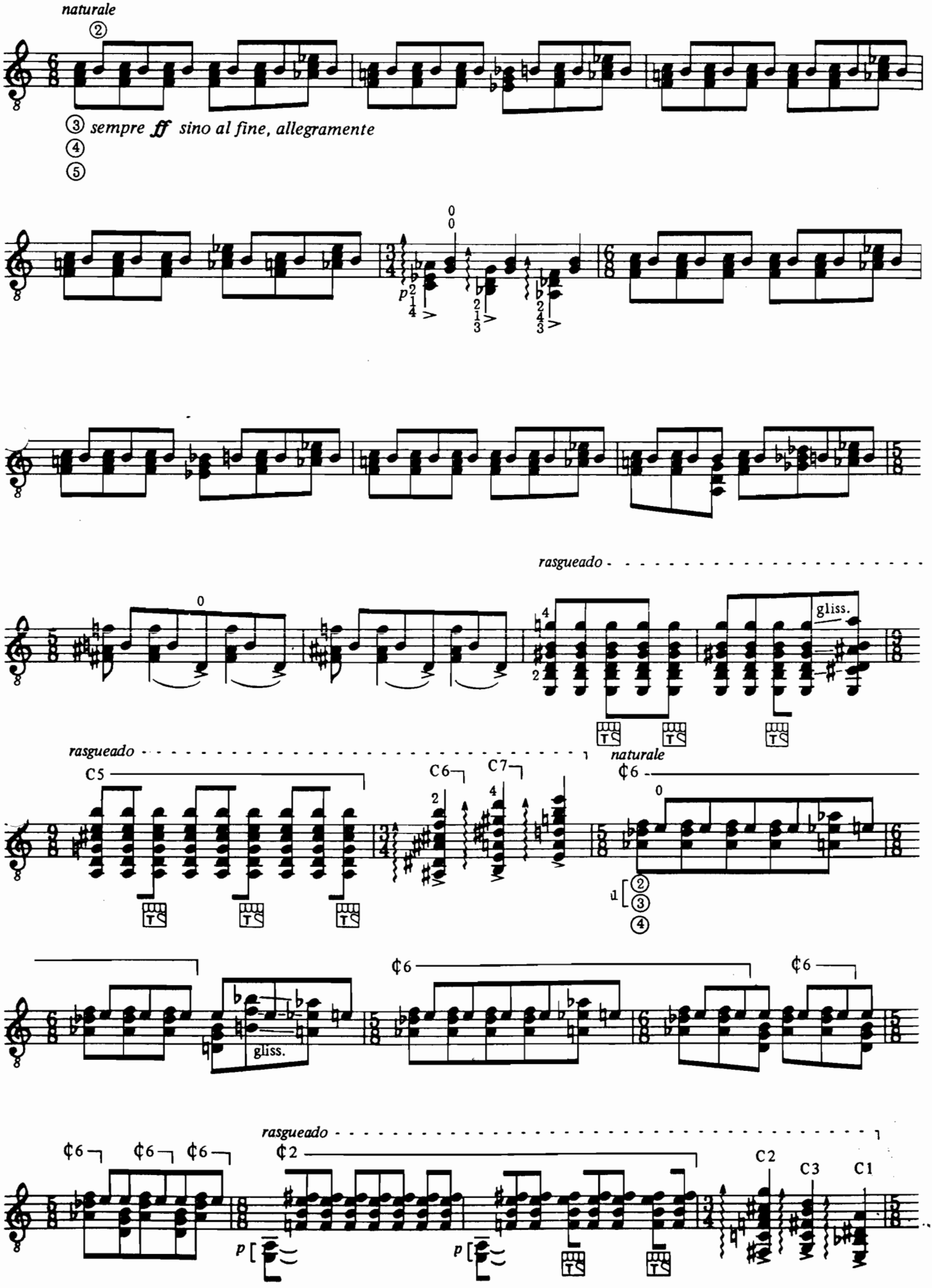

a tempo II ♩=50
5 : 4
6 : 4
6 : 4
harm.
12
nat.
mf
f
poco rall.

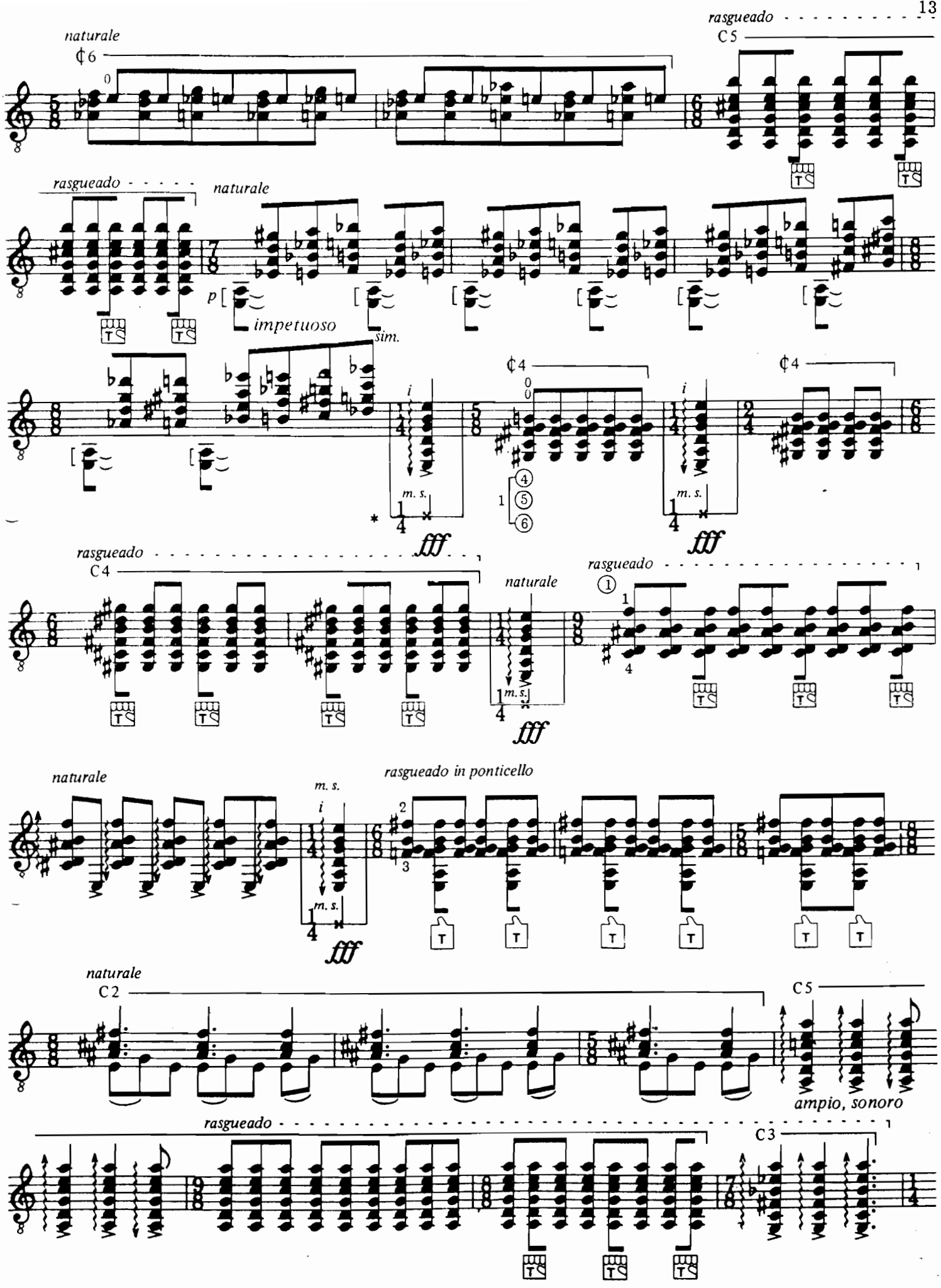

poco rall.
6 : 4
poco accel.
6 : 4
6 : 4
Tempo rubato
sf
mf
ff
ardoroso
rall.
a tempo II
C2
accel.
6:4
C7
dim.
p
pp
cresc.
accel. molto
C12
6 : 4
Tempo I
4-4-2-3(2-3 segue)
ponticello
tr
tr
naturale
m i a m i
cresc. molto
ff
mf
f
p a m i p p p i m
ff
mf
vibrato
6 : 4
rall.
4-4-2-3(2-3 segue)
tr
ponticello
tastiera
Ancora più lento ♩=46
rall. molto
naturale
quasi
p dolce
attacca

IV.
Finale

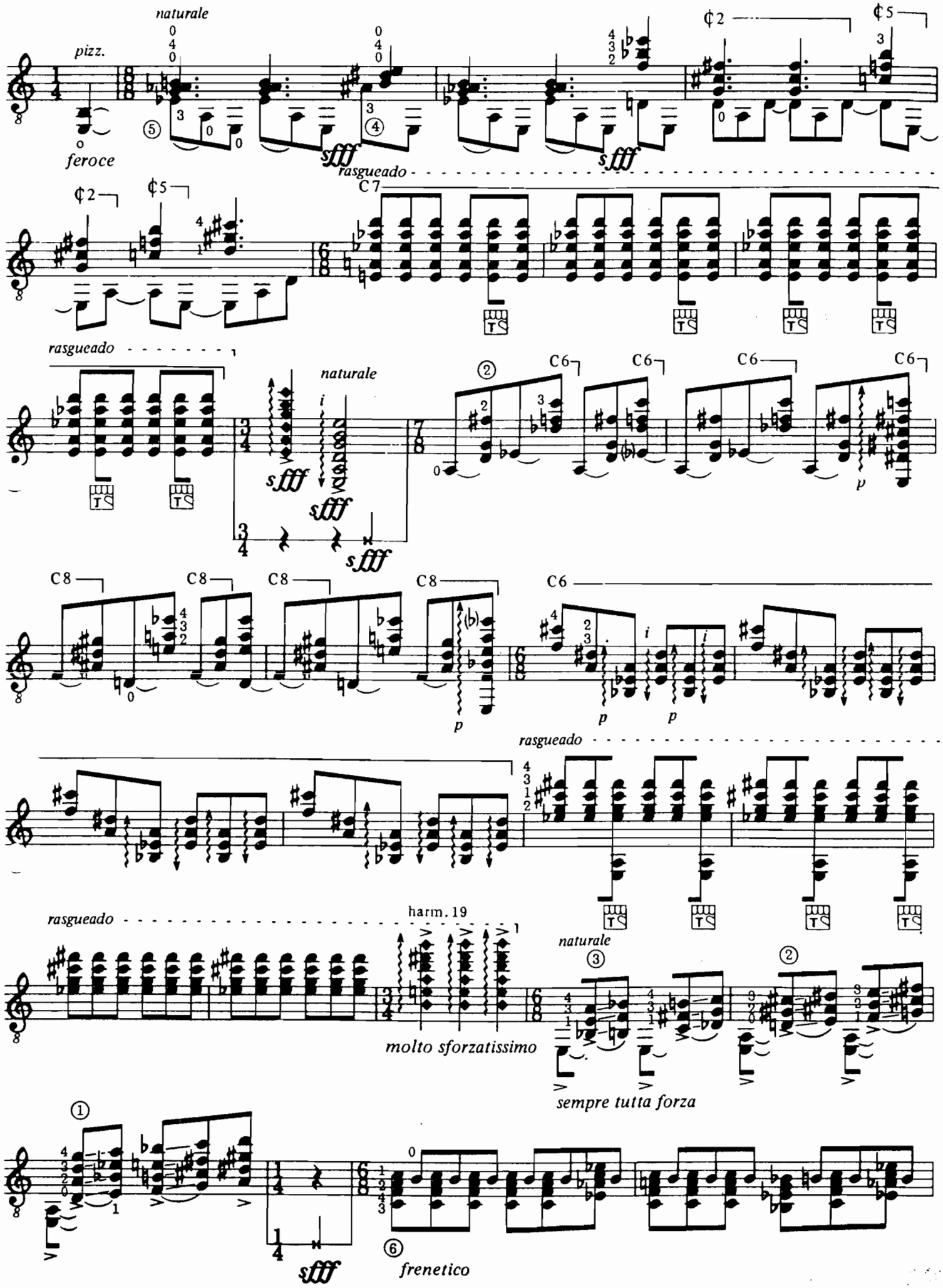


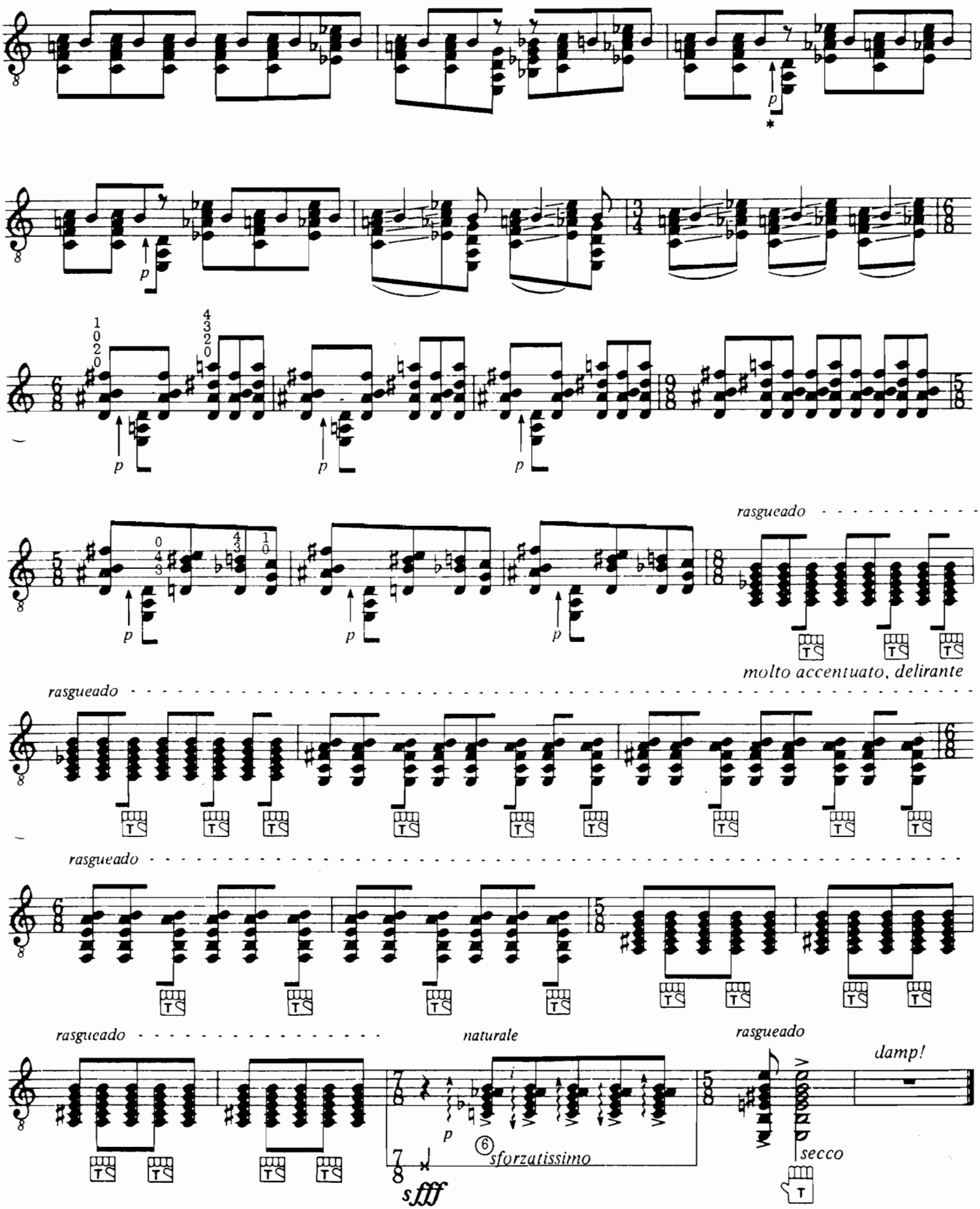
* The combination of "rasgueado" and "tambora" is a percussive effect which marks the rhythms at the off beat. The "rasgueado" is achieved by a fast, energetic brushing by the fingers of the right hand. The "tambora" chords are played by the right hand's clenched fist which hits the strings over the soundhole dryly with the last phalanx of all fingers in order to subdue all vibration. At *fortissimo* the strokes must be sufficiently energetic to cause the strings to rebound against the fingerboard. This effect of Argentinian popular style playing is essential to the fulfillment of the composer's intentions.


naturale
② ③ sempre ff sino al fine, allegramente
④
⑤
rasgueado
gliss.
TS
rasgueado
naturale
C5
C6
C7
¢6
gliss.
¢6
¢6
rasgueado
¢6
¢6
¢6
¢2
C2
C3
C1
p
TS



* With the left hand, beat on the lower rim near the fingerboard.


naturale
pizz.
feroce
sfff
rasgueado
C7
C6
C8
naturale
harm. 19
molto sforzatissimo
sempre tutta forza
frenetico
p



* ↑ A non-arpeggiated chord played strongly and percussively by the thumb.
p

Geneve - 1976